

The Hartford Republican.

Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

Subscription \$1 per Year

VOL. XXVI.

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, JANUARY 30, 1914.

No. 29

CONSOLIDATED HAS GOOD OFFER

Buyer Will Pay Eleven Dollars for Top.

County Meetings Will Consider Proposition in Few Days.

Wednesday's Owensboro Messenger says.

R. E. O'Flynn, an Owensboro buyer, has put in a bid for every pound of tobacco held by the Consolidated Tobacco Growers' association in Daviess, McLean, Ohio and Muhlenberg counties.

The prices offered by Mr. O'Flynn are from \$1 to \$6 for leaf and lugs, and from \$3 to \$2 for trash. If there is any tobacco that falls under the \$6 sample, it will be graded for what it is worth down to \$4. If the tobacco is worth \$5 or \$5.50, the grower will be paid that price.

The O'Flynn proposition, if accepted, will call for the delivery of all the tobacco in Owensboro. For tobacco outside of Daviess county O'Flynn will pay the grower an extra fee of 25 cents on the 100 pounds for hauling it to Owensboro.

"I had rather pay the extra money to the farmer than for rentals for warehouses at outside points and freight rates," said Mr. O'Flynn on Tuesday night.

If the tobacco is sold to O'Flynn he will immediately make arrangements to handle every pound of it in Owensboro. He will then re-sell the pool to the highest bidders, giving every buyer in the district an equal chance. The tobacco is to be graded when delivered, by the graders selected by the poolers. If there is a dispute over a grade, O'Flynn has agreed that Sales Manager Hobson shall have the right to settle all disputes, and that his ruling will be final.

The price offered for the top grade is \$1 on the hundred pounds above that secured by the Green River-Equity pool a few days ago, and is a better proposition on the weed under the \$6 grade. Mr. O'Flynn stated on Tuesday night, that in his opinion, the proposition is the best one that has ever been made to the growers. He has the assurance of practically all of the Owensboro buyers that they will bid on the tobacco after he has secured the pool. By O'Flynn handling the entire pool he will be in a position to give each buyer the particular grade his trade calls for.

In addition to the O'Flynn offer the executive board of the Consolidated Tobacco Growers' association, has bids for the entire pool from Owensboro buyers on a contract similar to that recently closed with the Green River-Equity board of control. The prices for the Green River-Equity pool ranged from \$10 to \$6 for leaf and lugs and from \$3 to \$2 for all trash. Tobacco that failed to come up to the No. 5 \$6 sample is being graded at \$4.

The buyers who bought the Green River-Equity pool, have announced that they will not offer an increased price for the Consolidated holdings.

Sales Manager Hobson, of the Consolidated, stated on Tuesday night that the executive board will be in session again today, and both of the propositions will be carefully gone over. He declared that a call will probably be made for county meetings for members of the Consolidated association for the larger part of the week.

"The members of the Consolidated association have always acted in perfect harmony on all matters," said Mr. Hobson. "Whatever action they may take on the two propositions, in my opinion, will be practically unanimous."

Dog Kills Two Thousand Rats.

A five week rat hunt in Union township ended last night when the 213 men and boys engaged in the contest produced 10,236 rat tails. The losers gave a dinner to the winners. One of the most remarkable figures in the slaughter was a small rat terrier owned by J. M. Hartman.

More than 2000 tails were from ro-

dents killed by the animals, which made a record of thirty rats in a single shock of corn.

Another township hunt is on, and it is believed that when the series of contests has ended 50,000 rats will have been killed in Hancock County.

Alaskan Railway Act Passes.

Washington, Jan. 26.—By a vote of 46 to 16, the Senate passed the Alaska railway bill, directing the President to purchase or construct 1,000 miles of railroad in Alaska at a cost not to exceed \$40,000,000.

Fifteen Republicans and Senator Poinsett, Progressive, voted for the bill. Senators Bacon, Hoke Smith and Williams, Democrats, voted against it.

The bill places upon the President responsibility for the selection of the route from tidewater to the interior of Alaska, and the construction, equipment and operation or leasing of such lines as he may construct or buy to constitute this route. The broadest powers are conferred upon the President in carrying out his duties.

Will Hitch and Feed.

We are in the hitching and feed business again, and will be glad to see all our old friends and many new ones. Owing to high price of feedstuff, we cannot charge less than 30¢ for hitch and round feed.

BLACK & BIRKHEAD,
Hartford, Ky.

FAT CONTRACTS GIVEN CONTRIBUTOR

Contractor Tells How He Succeeded in Getting Work.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 27.—Testimony tends to show that Democratic campaign contributors were given big contracts by the former State Highway Commission was added today in the Osborne graft inquiry.

Dudley E. Van Wirt, a contractor, testified that in 1911 his company contributed \$500 to the Democratic campaign fund and received contracts of about \$10,000. In 1921, after contributing \$4,000, they got contracts approximating \$70,000. All of these contracts were signed by First Deputy Charles F. Foley, of the Highway Commission, and not by the Highway Commissioners.

In the opinion of Commissioner James W. Osborne, both the testimony taken today and at the former hearing tends to show that John A. Bensel, State engineer; Duncan W. Peck, State superintendent of public works, and C. Gordon Reel, former State superintendent of highways, were guilty of neglect of duty in approving 318 maintenance contracts involving \$3,000,000, which were awarded by Foley.

Through Africa by Bicycle.

L. A. Wallace, administrator of Northern Rhodesia, has arrived in England after a tour of the Northeastern territory occupying three months during which time he traveled more than 1200 miles on his bicycle.

Mr. Wallace says the sleeping sickness has proved to be an indirect blessing to the Lulapulu Valley. More than 25,000 people had been removed from sleeping sickness infection, and since then there had been no new case. As a result of the migration model villages have replaced the old native kraals. The latest addition to civilization was the Watwa Tribe, people who live like frogs in the unknown swamps of Lake Bangwolo but who have now left the swamps and live on dry land.

Can't Lose 'Em.

They all stick. For years Bryan was told to get out of the Democratic party. Murphy was commanded to leave Tammany. Huerta has been asked to let go. A hundred other instances might be cited. Strong men hold on.

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ANCE DISCHARGED ON EXAMINING TRIAL

Tells a Straight Forward and Convincing Story.

Arthur Nance, who was recently arrested, charged with complicity in the murder of Ed. Johnson, was tried Wednesday before Esquire Ed. Shown at the court house and at the end of his story was very properly given his liberty. Court was opened by County Judge John B. Wilson who declined to sit in the case because of some rumors to the effect that he had shown favoritism to the side of the defense, which he denounced as false. Under the law the nearest Justice of Peace is called in to hold a trial of this nature when for any cause the regular judge cannot sit. Esq. Shown happened to be in the court room and was summoned to the bench and given the required oath. It was his first experience on the bench in any manner, but he presided with fairness and dignity, and made pretty, fair guesses on the various points raised by the attorneys as to evidence, etc. Judge W. H. Barnes represented the Commonwealth and the defendant's interests were looked after by Attorneys Crowe and Woodward. The facts brought out did not differ materially from those developed at the inquest and which have been published heretofore. There was absolutely no evidence implicating Nance and the Court might have dismissed him at the conclusion of the prosecution's testimony but his attorneys proffered to let him tell his story and the Court permitted it. It was a clear convincing recital of his actions and knowledge of the affair from the time Johnson came to his home on New Year's day to borrow a boat to cross the river. At its close he said he knew no more, and if he was not telling the truth, he certainly was able to impress one that he was.

According to the uncontradicted story of young Nance, he had no guilty knowledge of the murder, and his conduct, under the circumstances, was indeed very commendable. He was the only witness introduced for the defense and at the close of his story Esq. Shown said he thought there was not sufficient evidence to hold him over.

A writ sworn out several days ago charging Mrs. Josh Crowe with the crime of aiding in concealing murderer was called in on the advice of Commonwealths Attorney Ringo on the ground that such a charge could not be maintained under the statute.

Sheriff Keown was on his way to Greenville to arrest Mrs. Crowe when he was notified not to execute the writ.

Birthday Surprise.

A birthday dinner was given at the home of Mr. Joe W. Parks Sunday, Jan. 24 in honor of his father, Mr. Peter T. Parks' 84th birthday.

The dinner was given as a surprise to Mr. Parks and he was very much over-come when he arrived at the home of his son and found a large gathering of his relatives, friends and neighbors there awaiting him. While Mr. Parks lives with his son, yet he has been staying with Mr. John Shown as an attendant for the past year, as Mr. Shown is 94 years old and very feeble.

The guests numbered about 65 and among the elder members were Messrs. Thomas Greer, George W. Bennett, and Stephen Bennett. A sumptuous dinner was spread and in the afternoon a photograph of the guests was taken.

Mr. Parks will be remembered by many as the discoverer of a medicine, which attained considerable fame locally. This he patented under the name of "Dr. P. T. Parks' Remedy" and manufactured himself. He enjoyed a considerable trade until the compliance with recent legislation caused its manufacture in a small way to be unprofitable.

Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of Geo. M. Maddox, deceased, must present them to me on or before February 1, 1914, or they will be forever barred.

W. H. MADDOX,
2614 Echols, Ky.

BIG COAL DEAL IN WESTERN KENTUCKY

Ten Million Dollars Involved in Purchases Around Henderson.

Henderson, Ky., Jan. 26.—Twenty-three coal mines of Western Kentucky have passed into control of the Deep Water Coal and Coke company, chartered for \$10,000,000, with headquarters in Evansville, and probably headquarters in Henderson.

Among coal mines involved in this, one of the biggest coal deals ever consummated in Kentucky, are:

Keystone Coal mine, Henderson; People's Coal mine, Henderson; Baskett Coal mine, Baskett; Spottsville Coal mine, Spottsville; Bluff City, Bluff City; Corydon Coal mine, Waverly; Sebree Coal Mine, Sebree; Rose Creek Coal Mine, Nebo; Bell Union Coal Mine, near Marion; Crittenden Coal mine, DeKoven; the Sunset Coal mine, Madisonville; the Coyle Coal mine, Madisonville; the River and Rail Coal mine, near Morganfield; the Morganfield Coal mine, Morganfield; the Thomas Coal mine, near Morganfield; the Newburg Coal mine, Newburg; the Kington Coal mine, Morton's Gap.

Negotiations were opened this morning by representatives of H. F. Allen for five mines to be included in the big coal mine consolidation of this field, making twenty-three in all.

Two of the mines now being considered are located in the vicinity of Providence. All of the coal mines in Henderson county, save two, have been collected by Mr. Allen in behalf of the Deep Water Coal and Coke Co. and one of these mines is still under consideration.

Mr. Allen insists that the cash will be paid as soon as the abstracts of title are confirmed by his attorney.

The whole deal involves an investment in Western Kentucky, in or near Henderson, of six and one-half million dollars, making it one of the biggest coal companies in the world.

Road Working Contest.

Dr. E. W. Ford and other professional and business men of Hartford realizing the worth and importance of good roads in this locality, have taken up the question as to how best to secure them. The following solution has been handed us by Dr. Ford to put before the people and if carried out in the manner prescribed should prove a success.

Rules to govern Hartford's road working contest.

I. All contestants to register their names and section of road proposed to be worked, by March 1st, 1914, with County Judge Jno. B. Wilson.

2. No contestant for a prize will be considered unless he or they work as much as one-fourth mile.

3. No contestants will be allowed to plow or dig his road bed.

4. Sinks may be filled or ditches opened with any tool, but the road bed must be surfaced by the Split-Log drag or some modification of it, preferably done while road is wet.

5. Two or more may register and work jointly on agreed section.

6. All work must be voluntary and without other compensation than the prize and the good road.

7. The work will be under the supervision of T. H. Benton, County Road Engineer, or W. N. Stevens commissioner for district, who will furnish information and advice freely.

8. The contestants will be allowed to select judges.

The contest shall be decided upon the following percentage basis. Any dirt road in or tributary to Hartford not more than five miles from the court house, will limit the field of contest.

10 per cent. to party first beginning his work.

20 per cent. to section in best condition May 1st, 1914.

20 per cent. to longest section worked by any party.

10 per cent. to best drained section of road.

10 per cent. to worst section to work.

10 per cent. to section having heaviest traffic.

10 per cent. to section worked with the most economical drag.

Every section may get some credit under each item mentioned.

The section receiving the highest

percentage to receive the first prize and so on down to the 10th.

The different prizes are to consist of a purse subscribed by the business men and citizens of Hartford.

Esquire Thomas Sanders Dead.

Thomas Sanders, for four years a

member of the Ohio County Fiscal

Court, died at his home near Cane

Run church, 3 miles from Olston

Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. He

had been ill only a few days with

pneumonia when the end came. He

was buried yesterday at Cane Run

burying ground in the presence of

a large number of friends. Esquire

Sanders' term as a magistrate in

Sulphur Springs district ended with

the year 1913. He was a good citizen

and will be greatly missed in his

community.

HOME SOCIETY IS CONDEMNED

Senate Probe Committee Goes After Sehon.

Unless Deeds Are Given to Property State Aid May be Withdrawn.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 26.—The Senate Probe Committee made the following report to-day in the matter of the investigation of the Kentucky Children's Home Society:

"Your committee, appointed to investigate the State departments and institutions to which an appropriation has heretofore been made, beg leave to report as follows on the Kentucky Children's Home Society of Louisville, Ky.:

"This institution receives from the State an appropriation of \$50,000 annually. We regret to say that we find little in the management of this institution to command.

"It pays its State superintendent a salary of \$5,000 and inasmuch as it is a charitable institution we deem this salary excessive. We find that at a time when the institution was borrowing money for its support this high-priced official was loaned money by the board with which to purchase a home, and he was permitted to repay same to the extent of \$750, claimed by him to have been spent in part at least, for an improper purpose, to-wit: The purpose of influencing legislation to the end of securing an increased appropriation at the last session of the Legislature.

"We consider this a bad practice upon the part of the superintendent, and think the board should be criticised for allowing a claim of this character, as the records show that he was given said credit without an itemized statement of his expense.

"The per capita cost of maintenance, as compared with other institutions, is grossly excessive.

"We find that the State Superintendent maintains an office up town for which he pays a rental of \$20 a month, and where he spends the greater portion of his time when in the city:

"It is the opinion of your committee that his office should be maintained in one of the buildings of the institution so that he could spend all

Bowling Green Business University

BOWLING GREEN, - KENTUCKY.

The students who went to positions in July and August will earn \$60,000 in their first year after leaving school, and this is almost \$50,000 more than they ever made in any other one year. In other words, by taking a business course they multiplied their earning-power by six. A course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Stenotypy, Telegraphy, Railroad Accounting, English, Penmanship or Typewriting can be completed in a few months.

Write the School for Its Catalogs, Bankers Books, Rate-Sheets, Photographs and Other Information.

SOLVING THE WIND

One Big Problem That Bothers the Weather Forecasters.

CURRENTS THEY CAN'T STUDY

Conditions Away Above the Earth Are Beyond Their Reach and Are Consequently Unknown Factors—Methods of the Ancients.

The art of predicting the weather is one in which it seems at first sight the modern scientist ought easily to surpass his ancestors. Yet it may be doubted whether he is really more successful in it than they were. The meteorological department boasted some time back that their forecasts of weather as published in the daily press were justified by the result in 52 per cent of the cases recorded. As the percentage of correct guesses in a sufficiently extended list, however, would easily equal the incorrect, this does not show a very great superiority for scientific methods over pure conjecture.

Yet the meteorological department enjoys the advantage, as our ancestors, of course, did not, of elaborate and accurate recording instruments: the Seccaf's meteorograph, together with telegraphic reports from weather stations dispersed nearly all over the surface of the globe. Its relative non-success shows perhaps that there is still a factor in the problem which it is at present impossible to estimate.

This is the more extraordinary because the modern method of forecasting the weather differs entirely from that practiced by the ancients. With them it was simply a question of time and season, or, what is the same thing, of the appearance or disappearance of certain stars.

When Hesiod's husbandman saw the *Portides* he knew it was time for him to begin his harvest, and when they *set* forty days later, his plowing. This might still be a good enough rule for countries near the equator, where the prevalence of trade winds, which blow uninterruptedly in the direction in which the sun appears to travel, and where the monsoons, which in the summer east of Suez blow for six months the other way, help to keep the weather, if not constant, yet regular.

At other latitudes, however, there is no such help, and he who would predict the weather must therefore content himself to finding out what winds are blowing in other parts of the world, and when they are likely to reach him.

As to this, modern science still depends mainly on the observations made by Halley, who discovered in the seventeenth century during a voyage in the *Principia* how the sun so warmed the air at the equator that the heated air, rising after its manner, dispersed itself around the poles and was replaced by a mass of cold air from the regions farther from the sun.

Which, which explains the phenomenon of trade winds, was really the foundation of modern meteorology, although it was reserved for Halley, some fifty years later, to point out that, thanks to this rotation of the earth on its own axis, both kinds of winds stray somewhat from their apparent objective.

Earlier Dove's "law of rotation" was discredited, which declares that in certain latitudes the wind will nearly always follow the sun's motion—i.e., will *go* from N. through N. E. and from S. S. E. to S., completing the circle by *going* from S. to N. through the *west*, and will very seldom move the *reverse* way.

Finally, there comes in what is known as the law of Busy Battal, which is that, in the northern hemisphere, if one stands with one's back to the wind the line of lower pressure goes always on one's left hand.

This enables us to understand what the causes by the cyclonic and anticyclonic disturbances which are so frequently mentioned in the official forecasts as approaching us, generally from the Atlantic.

At *any* particular spot the pressure is lower than it is outside it, the wind blows round it in the contrary direction to the hands of a watch and is called cyclonic from the similar behavior of the West Indian hurricanes named cyclones. This is because the lowest pressure to any one standing with his back to the wind is always on one's left hand. If, how-

ever, the pressure within the area in question is higher than outside it, the wind blows round it clockwise and is called anti-cyclonic.

One circumstance against modern methods of forecasting the weather correctly outweighs all those in their favor. The winds that can be observed are all those blowing close to the earth's surface. What is the effect of the currents prevailing at even a few miles above it, where, as aviators constantly declare there are even "holes" and "pockets" in the atmosphere? Until there is more information on this, meteorology will not be an exact science.—Detroit Free Press.

Wished He Hadn't Spoken.

The bored youth turned to his dinner partner, with a yawn.

"Who is that strange looking man over there who stares at me so much?" he drawled.

"Oh, that's Professor Jenkins," she replied airily, "the famous expert on insanity."—London Telegraph.

Faith must become active through works. Deeds must spring spontaneously from the divine life within the soul.—C. W. Wendte.

For Frost Bites and Chapped Skin.

For frost bitten ears, fingers and toes; chapped hands and lips, chilblains, cold sores, red and rough skins, there is nothing to equal Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Stops the pain at once and heals quickly. In every home there should be a box handy all the time. Best remedy for all skin diseases, itching, eczema, tetter, piles, etc., 25c. All druggists or by mail. H. E. Bucklen & Co., Philadelphia or St. Louis.

Bond Sale.

Notice is hereby given that the Ohio County Board of Drainage Commissioners will offer for sale at the courthouse door in Hartford, Ky., on Monday, Feb. 2, 1914, at 1 p. m., bonds to the amount of six thousand, one hundred and eighty-nine dollars and eighty-one cents (\$6,989.81) at public outcry to the highest and best bidder for cash. Said bonds will not be sold for less than par, bearing 6 per cent interest, and payable in ten annual installments, the first maturing in two years and one installment maturing each succeeding year for nine years. The proceeds arising from said bonds will be devoted to establishment and construction of the G. A. Barnes ditch heretofore established by the Ohio County Court and the said bonds will constitute a first lien, subject only to the lien for state and county taxes, on the land herein; the said drainage district being owned by the following parties: J. F. Collins' heirs, W. M. Baldwin, W. H. Williams, Mrs. J. W. Mercer, T. L. Chapman, Fanny B. Barnes, E. W. Austin, J. M. Moore, Ernest Moore, John Chinn and W. L. Shaver.

S. T. BARNETT,
President Board of Drainage Comrs.
Attest: W. S. TINSLEY,
Clerk of the Board.

Try This Remedy For Rheumatism—Free.

I want every sufferer from any form of rheumatism to try Evans' Rheumatic Remedy Free.

No experiment. Absolutely safe, sure, and quick in its results. It has relieved thousands throughout a dozen different states, suffering from the various forms of rheumatism, and it will do the same for you. Send no money. Simply mail your name and address, and I will send you by return mail Free Trial Package of this great remedy for rheumatism.

You may not see this offer in print. Send today—it will save you money and suffering.

2812 H. C. EVANS,
2318 Transit Ave., Louisville, Ky.

Did you know that Calomel is Mercury, and that its mercurous effects will ruin the system, while Grigsby's Liver-Ver-Lax is purely vegetable, and can be used with perfect safety? Ask J. H. Williams, Hartford, Ky.

TOOK THREE GIFTS

A Request That Surprised the Sultan Abdul Hamid.

TALE OF A BADLY USED TURK.

A Truthful Account of an Experience at the Court of the "Illuminator of the Universe" That Reads Like a Story From the Arabian Nights.

Many fantastic stories are related of Abdul Hamid, the ex-sultan of Turkey, and his court. The following, however, came to me from a reliable source, writes a contributor to Chambers' Journal, and once when I told the story in company one of my listeners told me that he personally knew it to be true. It is worthy of a place among Scheherazade's famous tales.

Not far from the sultan's palace lived a certain Ahmed Rushdi Effendi, one of the sublime of clerks employed at the sublime porte. Ahmed's duties consisted of writing ornate official communications to provincial governors. For this he was supposed to receive a salary of 200 piasters (about \$8 per month). If, however, he received this salary six times a year he thought himself lucky.

Compared to many of his colleagues in the government offices, Ahmed was in comfortable circumstances. He owned his own house, so he had no rent to pay, and he gave his leisure time to cultivating the tiny garden that supplied his family with fruit and vegetables the whole year round. Ahmed Effendi, not being ambitious, was a contented man.

In his peaceful household there was only one discordant note. The cause was a dwarf peach tree in Ahmed's garden that bore every year six or eight mammoth peaches. Early in his married life his wife dreamed that her husband would one day attain eminence and that the peaches were connected with his fortune.

Fifty times each year she urged him to take the peaches as an offering to the sultan. "We are simple people," she would say. "Such magnificent peaches are not for us. Carry them, I pray thee, to the palace and present them to the benefactor of the world." But Ahmed would reply:

"Wife, no good comes to those who have relations with the palace. I, who have always been discreet, do not wish to fall under suspicion."

But at last, after twenty years, Ahmed yielded to his wife's importunity and carried the beautiful fruit to the palace. There he entrusted the peaches to the grand chamberlain, who, knowing the sultan's fondness for fruit, promptly carried them into the presence of the Illuminator of the Universe. The sultan graciously accepted the gift and commanded Ahmed to wait until he was at liberty in order that he might himself thank the grower of such splendid fruit.

It happened that the reception room where the scribe awaited the pleasure of the sovereign was filled with a band of suspected bomb throwers, and Ahmed was presently hustled away to prison with the supposed revolutionaries. He was thoroughly confused by the rough treatment of the guards and could only stammer: "I am the man who brought the peaches; I am the man who brought the peaches!"

In prison he soon became known as "the man of the peaches" and was looked upon as a harmless lunatic. After many months the suspected bomb throwers, including Ahmed, were brought before the criminal court. He told his story to the judge and asked that the grand chamberlain be called to confirm his words. The judge granted his request and was greatly surprised when the dignitary told of the arrival of Ahmed at the palace some months ago and of his mysterious disappearance. The chamberlain took the afflicted scribe to his own suit in the palace and went to explain matters to the sultan.

The sultan, sincerely sorry for the unlucky mistake, commanded the chamberlain to promise Ahmed that any wish of his should be fulfilled.

Ahmed replied that he would accept one, but three gifts, and that he must name them to the sultan personally. The sultan was much concerned and ordered the scribe ushered into his private study.

"Sire," said Ahmed, "I ask for a

hatchet, the sum of 200 piasters and a copy of the Koran."

"Your desire is granted," answered the sultan, "on condition that you explain the meaning of your singular request."

"Sire," replied our hero, "with the 200 piasters I shall obtain a divorce from my wife, the original cause of all my trouble; with the hatchet I intend to cut down my peach tree, and upon the Koran I wish to swear an oath never to enter the palace gates again so long as I live."

Apelles' Masterpiece.

The masterpiece of Apelles was the Venus Andromedae, "Venus Rising From the Sea." The falling drops of water from her hair form a transparent silver veil over her form. It cost \$121,500 and was painted for the temple of Esculapius at Cos, and afterward placed by Augustus in the temple which he dedicated to his illustrious patron, Julius Caesar. Part of the famous picture was injured and no one could be found to repair it.—New York American.

Our first step toward agreement should be to decline before we argue.

An Ideal Woman's Laxative.

Who wants to take salts, or castor oil, when there is nothing better than Dr. King's New Life Pill for all bowel troubles. They act gently and naturally on the stomach and liver, stimulate and regulate your bowels and tone up the entire system. Price, 25c. At all Druggists. H. E. Bucklen & Co., Philadelphia or St. Louis.

Lowering the Price of Beef.

Consumers will do well not to become unduly elated over the report from New York that extensive facilities are being provided there for handling meat imported from Argentine and Australia, the placing of meat on the free list opening the way to profitable importation. The reason for being conservative in anticipation is that the same American packers who control the African meat business have established themselves in Argentine, and presumably will soon have such a hold upon the business there as to prevent much serious competition with them on the part of outsiders, particularly as experts have reported that there will not for some years be enough surplus beef for exportation from Argentine to effect seriously the price in this country. Entrance of American importers more actively into the Argentine market is more likely to cause a rise in this country, because England will have to bid higher for what she needs.

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1711. BARNETT & SON, Agents.

For Sale.

Good farm in Ohio county, near Barnett's Creek church, containing 120 acres, all in cultivation except 5 acres. Good 4-room dwelling, barn and all out-buildings in good repair. Well watered and in the oil belt. For terms and particulars apply at this office.

1711. BARNETT & SON, Agents.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Grigsby's Liver-Ver-Lax, that delicious liver syrup, has displaced calomel in nearly every home. Good for grown-ups and children alike. Ask J. H. Williams, Hartford, Ky.

1711. BARNETT & SON, Agents.

Speculators in Sex.

In looking on at the great present day spectacle of the emancipation of women, one is struck by a certain rashness of impulse that characterizes the women of the present. Today women of decent character accept invitations freely, make undefined motor excursions with complete assurance. As the phrase goes, "they get by with it." One cannot help thinking that to many girls the American doctrine of consideration for women has become not so much an obligation governing conduct as an opportunity for pleasure. These young fellows are to be "managed." Under proper supervision (that female prerogative), investment in their acquaintance will yield perfectly safe dividends of "good times." They will buy theater tickets, confessions, motor rides, entertainments merely for the abstract pleasure of the girl's company. If they begin to "get foolish" severe looks will quell the insubordination. This view is set forth daily in papers and magazines that strike the popular note.

So the girl becomes a speculator in sex attraction, an amateur in the most fundamental human passions.

The results are in the paper every day—these tragedies of the roadhouse, the shady hotel, the ambiguous flat. These self-sufficient young persons discover bitterly and often too late that there is sound sense and real purpose in the conventions.

Speculators sometimes win, but economic and other laws are not alterable at will, and the end of speculation is nearly always the same—bankruptcy. We are going to end the commercialization of sex by taking whatever repressive measures are necessary, but speculation in it will always be a matter for the wisdom or folly of those immediately concerned. Girls and boys and parents will be responsible to the end of the chapter.—Colliers Weekly.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo,)
Lucas County.)
ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON.

Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonial free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

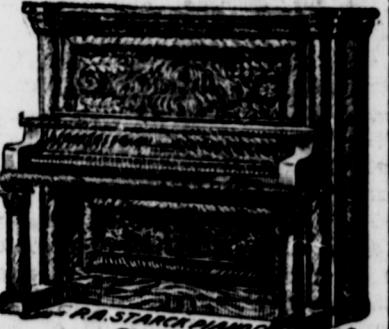
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Starck Pianos



No Money in Advance—Satisfaction Guaranteed—Lowest Net Factory Prices—Easiest Terms—A Saving of \$100 to \$200 From Factory Direct



30 DAYS' FREE TRIAL IN YOUR OWN HOME

We will ship you a beautiful Starck Piano for 30 days' trial, in your home. No cash payment required. We ask that you will play upon, and test this piano for 30 days. If at the end of that time you do not find it the highest grade, sweetest toned and finest piano in every way, then we will offer for the money, you are at perfect liberty to send it back, and we will, in that event, pay the freight both ways. This Starck Piano must make good with you, or there is no sale.

Save \$150.00 or More

We will direct to you from our factory, at prices that save you upwards of \$150.00 in the cost of your piano. We guarantee to furnish you a better piano for the money that you can secure elsewhere. You are assured of receiving a satisfactory sweet toned durable high grade piano.

20-Year Guarantees

Every Starck Piano is guaranteed for 20 years. This guarantee has back of it our 35 years of piano experience, and the reputation of an old-established, responsible piano house.

Weber . .

Hartford Republican.

Entered according to law at the Post Office Hartford, Ky., as mail matter of the second class.

C. M. BARNETT, Editor & Proprietor
ALLISON BARNETT, Associate Editor

Address all communications to
The Hartford Republican.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS
Subscribers desiring the paper sent to a new address must give the old address in making the request.

Business Locals and Notices 10¢ per line and 5¢ per line for each additional insertion.

Obituaries, Resolutions and Card of Thanks 5¢ per line money in advance.

Church Notices for services free, but other church advertisements, 5¢ per line.

Anonymous communications will receive no attention.

TELEPHONES.
Cumberland..... 123
Farmers' Mutual..... 50

FRIDAY, JANUARY 30.

It's a wise railroad that knows its own these days.

John Lind can keep a secret better than a sewing society.

Knowing when to quit is regarded as important to Wall Street directors.

That new elastic currency is likely to have its elasticity thoroughly tested.

Congress will not mark time while the White House drill master is around.

Scientific guesses about radium are thrilling, but they are subject to revision.

Now let the legislature probe it self for passing that "extra help" resolution.

The Tammany crowd now begins to feel how it is to be on the outside looking in.

Morgan is arranging to let other fellows shoulder the blame, if things go wrong.

How does an ex-president like Prof. Taft manage to accumulate 35 pairs of trousers.

Though the Mexican war had a good start, the Calumet strike also promises to last well.

Fashion decrees that the clothing for men shall be plainer. The men are plain enough now.

It is a good thing the present legislature refrains from probing the acts of its predecessors.

John D. Rockefeller says the income tax is too high, but never a word about oil or gasoline.

In the olden times a wife was regarded as her husband's better half, now she wants to be the whole thing.

Until women learn how to reform their dress, it seems unwise to ask them to help the men reform politics.

Getting married under the new eugenic law in Wisconsin is so difficult that many of the young women have quit trying.

A Missouri judge has decided that the husband is the boss of the home. When this judge gets married he will find out the truth.

Newspaper reports say that Senator Ollie James is having trouble with his eye sight. No doubt some Kentucky Democratic pie hunters can now account for being overlooked.

It is hard to understand a minimum wage of \$3.00 a day for government employees, unless Uncle Sam is going into the automobile business.

Evidently the hen is in collusion with the egg trust, or she would have taken advantage of the mild weather to lay by something for a hard February.

Mexico is an example to the Wilson administration on how to reduce the cost of living. Down there they simply reduce the number of those living.

The Kentucky House of Representatives is probing everybody, but when a resolution was introduced by Representative Price asking a little probing of lobbying and making some veiled insinuations against the House members, they went straight up and came near expelling the said Price. Looks as though they were just a little "thin skinned."

Common Sense Against Hysteria.

The supreme court of Wisconsin has been the first body to assert its common sense in dealing with the hysteria of eugenics that is sweeping through the minds of reforming bachelors, old maids faddists and husband and wives who want no children of their own but desire to practice their notions on the children of other people.

The Legislature of Wisconsin passed a law that every man desiring to get married must submit to what is

known as the Wasserman test. The test was not applied to women.

Candidates for matrimony were expected to have a bill of health, both in person and by heredity. They were to be examined with more rigidity than an army physician applies to a recruit.

If a man were an Apollo or a Hercules in body and a dub in intellect, he was considered to be an entirely proper person to be a father of a family.

The supreme court favored the intentions of the farmers of the bill up to the point where they became crazy. It declared the law unconstitutional because it was impossible of enforcement and that it interfered with the whole scheme of life and the method of propagating the human race which has existed since the days of Adam and Eve.

Sex hygiene, eugenics and the like had their beginnings in an entirely laudable purpose, but the movement was seized upon by faddists and fakers and sensationalists. The whole movement drifted into a false theory because the end of the teaching was not to prevent the sinful things from which mental and bodily disease resulted but to prevent the consequences of sin and vice.

Under the system one has to be as vicious as one pleased, but the ill effects of the viciousness were to be avoided.

Carried to its ultimate, the doctrine placed a premium upon reckless indulgence in viciousness because it removed the penalties for the practices.

The eugenic advocate would build up a Godless race of men and women dead to all principles of morality based upon a spiritual or ethical impulse.

You can raise men and women as you do horses, sheep or cattle, because if God Almighty had intended for them to be reared in this way He would have raised them as horses, sheep and cattle.

Obtained Office by False Pretense.

Woodrow Wilson is making a good President and we esteem him very highly.

But we wish to indict Woodrow Wilson and the Democratic party for having obtained office by false pretense.

The Democratic party, through its speakers and its newspapers, pledged itself to the poor man to reduce the cost of living. The main instrument toward the reduction was to be a lower Tariff.

Behold, the lower Tariff has been in operation several months and the high cost of living has not been reduced.

Has not the Democratic party been guilty of cashing a politically worthless check?

The Democratic Congress has appropriated \$20,000 to make inquiry in regard to the high cost of living, while the supposition was that the Democrats knew just what caused the high cost of living.

It was the wicked Tariff.

Wool is on the free list. Who is buying his clothing any cheaper.

Cattle and hogs and all kinds of meat are on the free list. Who is buying his meat any cheaper? It is true the farmers are selling live animals cheaper, but the consumer receives no benefit.

We shall have more to say on this subject as time goes along.

Politics may be a great game, but it is time to have it exposed to some extent.—Des Moines Capital.

Cheapest of Claptrap and Demagogery.

Notwithstanding the Democrats have passed their Tariff bill, and that it has been in operation some little time, the truth, according to official statements issued by the Department of Agriculture, is that the price of food stuffs has to-day reached the highest point in the history of this country, and the prospects are that they are going still higher.

The Democrats cannot hide behind the statement that the Tariff bill has not been in operation long enough to bring results. It has certainly had effect in other lines. Like all Democratic Tariff bills, it has slowed down business. It is already operating disastrously in the steel and iron, the cotton and wool and shoe, and other great branches of industry in America.

Time is developing the fact that the Democratic party has once again fooled another generation with the "high-cost-of-living" cry, and they have fooled it badly. Already time has demonstrated that the Tariff bill is not going to improve the hardships put upon the American workingman to provide himself and family with the necessities of life at the present high prices. In fact, the Tariff bill is going to take away from him the only thing to take away from him the opportunity to work and earn.

The "bugaboo" that the Tariff was responsible for the high cost of living has been exploded. It was the cheapest kind of claptrap and demagogery.—Manchester (N. H.) Mirror.

COL GOETHALS MADE FIRST ZONE GOVERNOR

Named by President Wilson to Take Effect April First.

Washington, January 27.—President Wilson today signed an executive order putting into operation on April 1 a permanent government for the Panama Canal Zone and naming Col. George W. Goethals as first civil governor.

Secretary Garrison made the announcement as he carried away the executive order from the White House. He said Col. Goethals had not yet been officially informed, but that he would be as soon as his name was sent to the Senate, probably some time today.

Mr. Garrison said the cabinet meeting was devoted largely to a discussion of the Panama canal government. He added that the question of tolls had not been discussed and that the executive order merely makes provision for the collection of such tolls as are provided by law.

The permanent government of the Zone headed by a civil governor eliminates the commission, which is now in charge. Members of the commission are to be retained, however, until the opening of the canal, as a committee in charge of arrangements for the celebration incident to the opening, though without any administrative functions.

Will Hitch and Feed.

We are in the hitching and feed business again, and will be glad to see all our old friends and many new ones. Owing to high price of feedstuff, we cannot charge less than 30¢ for hitch and round feed.

BLACK & BIRKHEAD,
2412, Hartford, Ky.

Thousands Are Out of Jobs.

In the cities where the slaughterhouse Tariff was going to slaughter Mr. High Cost O' Living, thousands are out of jobs and the cost of living is even higher than before. The Tariff was not the cause of prices being high, as the people have now found out, but to slaughter and monkey with the Tariff did have to do with jobs that have been lost, and this, too, the people have found out.—Upper Sandusky (O.) Union Republican.

Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention.

J. C. ILER
ALLISON BARNETT

JUST ONE TRIAL



will prove that we handle only the very best of Feed. We spare no effort to procure

HAY, CORN AND OATS.

which possess all the qualities which make them desirable. I know where, when and what to buy and will gladly give you the benefit of my experience. Prices always lowest.

W. E. ELLIS

The Produce Merchant
HARTFORD, - KENTUCKY

MAGAZINES OF ALL KINDS

Ordered by

ILER & BARNETT

Agents

ILERS' GROCERY OR REPUBLICAN OFFICE

Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention.

J. C. ILER
ALLISON BARNETT

Wait.

Don't

Forget.

Fairs' Big Kum Down and Remnant Sale Begins Thursday, Feb.

5th.

This Sale has always been a time of MONEY-SAVING to the buying public and this one will only be an exception in one way, and that is, it will be the biggest event of them all. Don't be misled but wait for OUR BIG SALE. Remember the opening day, Thursday February 5, and that IT PAYS TO TRADE WITH A HOUSE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

CHILDREN'S DAY

During our Great Majestic Range Demonstration was extremely interesting. Read the answers of the children to the question "Why is the Great Majestic the most durable Range?" Master Otho Burch Taylor was the prize-winner. Note his reasons:

NO. 1—The Great Majestic is the most durable Range made because it is made of the very best material and uses little fuel and the Economy of the home must begin in the kitchen. The Majestic heats quickly, bakes perfectly and in great quantities and is easy to keep clean.

OTHO BURCH TAYLOR.

NO. 2—We are using the Great Majestic Range and we think it is the greatest Range on the market. It cooks with little coal and it is easily heated. It is one of the easiest to keep clean and bright and it won't warp from heat.

GWENDOLINE CHINN.

NO. 3—The Great Majestic Range is the most durable because it is iron and lasts the longest and cooks and bakes the best. We have one and that is why I think so.

DENA MAE FUQUA.

NO. 4—The Great Majestic Range is the best Range made because it is made of the best material, because it takes less fuel and it has a thermometer to regulate the heat.

THELMA NEWTON.

NO. 5—The Great Majestic Range is the most durable Range made because it is made of good material and will last longer. It is lined with asbestos board and it does not take as much fuel for the Majestic as for other Ranges. If you will take good care of the Majestic Range it will last a lifetime. The Majestic Range has a nice reservoir to the stove.

RUTH STEVENS.

NO. 6—The Great Majestic Range is the most durable because it is the best Range made. Then the Majestic Range does not take as much fuel as the other ranges. It bakes quicker than any other range.

LUMMIE TAYLOR.

NO. 7—The Great Majestic Range is the most durable because it is the most perfectly made Range ever known. It heats quicker, takes less fuel, lasts longer and bakes better than any other Range made. It does not rust and is air tight. That is more than you can say of other stoves. When you buy a range you have three ends in view—economy, durability and the best for the least money. The next time you have a Range to buy, try the Majestic and prove to yourself its good qualities.

MATTIE BALZELZ.

NO. 8—The Majestic Range is made of the best material in the world. The inside of the Range is all lined with the best of asbestos. This makes it durable. The Majestic Range uses little fuel and bakes quicker than any other Range. Then the Majestic Range will last a lifetime if you take proper care of it.

FLORENCE TAYLOR.

NO. 9—The Majestic Range cooks better than any other kind. It is of a better make. It has a fifteen-gallon water tank. It is the best range made.

ARLIE MILLER.

NO. 10—The Majestic Range is made of old-time iron and they are the best stoves made. They are handy and you can cook quicker than with other stoves. They have closets at the top of the stove. They have a place to keep hot water. You can cook more than the others. They are made of better materials than other stoves.

WILFORD HODGES.

NO. 11—The Majestic Range is sold all over the United States, as well as all over the world. It uses very little fuel and is easy to keep clean. If cared for well, it will last a lifetime.

ELLA BELLE AUSTIN.

NO. 12—The Great Majestic Range is the most durable because it is made of the old-time iron.

VERA HUNTSMAN.

NO. 13—The Majestic is the most durable Range because it is built on honor, of the very best hammered iron. It cannot break and does not rust.

LUCILLE BURTON.

NO. 14—The Great Majestic Range is more durable than any other Range because it bakes perfectly and heats an abundance of water. It is lined with asbestos board. The Great Majestic Range is the standard.

(No Name).

NO. 15—The Great Majestic is the most durable because it is supposed to be made of the very best material.

WAYLAND RENDER.

NO. 16—The Great Majestic Range is most durable because it is made of the old-time iron that is good.

CLAUDE HUNTSMAN.

NO. 17—The Great Majestic Range is the most durable Range made because it is made of the old-time durable iron.

ORVILLE HUNTSMAN

CLEVE MILLER'S

COME DOWN PRICES.

Sale Starts Saturday, February 5

AND CLOSES SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 14.

I WANT THESE PRICES TO DO MY TALKING, SO HERE GOES:

One 100 lb. bag Mussel Shells	75c
One 100 lb. bag Chicken Grit	85c
One 100 lb. bag Chicken Feed	\$2.45
One case Capitol Matches, 72 boxes	\$2.25
One box 100 cakes Lennox Soap	\$3.10
One box 100 cakes Ivory Soap	\$3.85
One box 60 cakes Cleanaway Soap	\$2.25
3 Large Mackerel	25c
2 Doz. Jumbo Pickles	25c
1 40c Broom	35c
1 35c Broom	30c
1 35c Mop	30c
1 25c Mop	20c
1 35c Coal Hod	30c
1 25c Coal Hod	20c
1 Gal. White Syrup	45c
1 Gal. Red Syrup	40c
1 Gal. Pure Apple Vinegar	25c
1 Gal. N. O. Molasses	60c
1 60c Tub	50c
1 70c Tub	60c
1 75c Coal Shovel	60c
1 65c Shovel	50c
1 75c Garden Fork	60c
1 40c Coffee Pot	30c
1 60c Coffee Mill	50c
5 lbs. Keg Soda	10c
3 Cakes Toilet Soap	10c
4 No. 2 Lamp Chimneys	25c
3 Large Chimneys	25c
3 lbs. Evaporated Peaches	25c
3 lbs. Prunes	25c
1 Gal. Oil Can and Oil	35c
1 Large Box Oatmeal, with China	25c
3 lbs. Loose Raisins	25c
2 lbs. Chocolate Candy	25c
2 lbs. Stick Candy	15c
2 Packages Best Wax	5c
2 Packages Stove Polish	15c
7 lbs. Snow Flake Hominy	25c
10 lbs. Crushed Hominy	25c
ONE OF THE LARGEST ASSORTMENTS OF ENAMELED WARE IN HARTFORD TO SELECT FROM AT COME DOWN PRICES.	
1 5-Gal. Oil Can and Oil	\$1.95

FOR THE FIRST THREE DAYS ONLY

21-lbs. Gran. Sugar \$1.00
100-lbs. Gran. Sugar 4.60
100-lbs. Beet Sugar 4.50

One Barrel of Best Flour in Wood or Cloth \$5.25

1 Mop Rinser	\$1.50
1 No. 2 Lamp, complete	30c
1 No. 2 Kitchen Lamp, complete	25c
20 lbs. Navy Beans	.90c
10 lbs. French Breakfast Coffee	\$1.50
10 lbs. Peaberry Coffee	\$2.00
4 lbs. Chase & Sanborn Coffee	.31.00
5 packages, F. B. Coffee	\$1.00
1 doz. Cans Lye	.85c
1 doz. boxes Capitol Matches	.40c
1 doz. sacks Salt	.45c
10 cakes Ivory Soap	.40c
1 60c Lamp	.50c
1 75c Latern	.65c
1 No. 1 Lantern	.40c
1 60c Coffee Mill	.50c

Northern Potatoes by the bag	\$1.10
Cabbage by the 100 lbs.	.25c
Soda by the keg, per lb.	1.12c
Bacon by the side, per lb.	.15c
1 can pure Hog Lard	.60c
1 tan Vissman's Lard	.67c
Crackers by the box, lb.	.6c*
1 Carton 18 packages Best Oatmeal	.135
1 bag Bliss Triumph Potatoes	.30c
1 bu. Bliss Triumph Potatoes	.125
CANNED GOODS	
1 case 2 doz. Corn	.16c
1 case 2 doz. Climax Corn	.25c
1 case 3 lb Tomatoes	.24c
1 case 2 doz. 10c Peas	.175
1 case 2 doz. 15c Peas	.25c
1 case 2 doz. Kraut	.185
1 case 2 doz. Lye Hominy	.16c
1 case 2 doz. 25c Peaches	.475
1 doz. 10c Salmon	.90c
1 doz. Pink Salmon	.100
1 doz. 20c Red Salmon	.175
1 doz. Bon Bon Baking Powder	.85c

NO CASH REGISTER TICKETS GIVEN ON THIS SALE

This is a Cash Come Down Sale, So Please Don't Ask for Credit on These Close Prices. Thanks.

Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 30.

M. H. & E. Railroad Time Table at Hartford, Ky.

L. & N. time card effective Monday Aug. 21st.

No. 112 North Bound due 7:19 a. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 114 North Bound due 2:20 p. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 115 South Bound due 8:45 a. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 113 South Bound due 1:46 p. m. daily except Sunday.

H. E. MISCHKE, Agt.

Look for W. E. Ellis' poultry ad. in this paper.

Dr. Jess Bean, of Olaton, was in town yesterday.

Esq. Leslie Combs, Dukehurst, was here Wednesday.

Mr. E. E. Birkhead was in Owensboro yesterday.

Mr. T. F. Johnson, Olaton No. 1 was in the city yesterday.

Miss Louise Phipps is visiting relatives in Nashville, Tenn.

Mr. Birch Martin, of near town, was in to see us Monday.

Prof. W. R. Hedrick is quite sick at his home on Union street.

Mrs. Will Newbold, who has been very sick, is now recovering.

For Service, cleanliness and satisfaction, visit City Restaurant.

Miss Clara Robertson visited Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Riley Sunday.

Esquire W. S. Dean, Dundee, was in town Wednesday, on business.

Mr. J. C. Riley returned from a business trip to Owensboro yesterday.

Rev. Pettie delivered two excellent sermons at the Baptist church last Sunday.

We just love to serve you.

City Restaurant.

James Lyons, Proprietor.

Mr. J. B. Stogner, of Centertown, paid our office a pleasant call while here Wednesday.

Mr. Perry Keown, Clevis, New Mexico, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Keown.

Messrs. Orville Brown and Selby Sandefur, of McHenry, called to see us while here Tuesday.

Mr. John Lindley, of Matanzas, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Frank Tichenor on Union street.

Do not fail to hear Miss Cora Lee Smith at College Hall on the evening of Jan. 30.

Miss Irene and Claris Ward, No Creek, students of Hartford College, were pleasant callers Monday.

Miss Susie May, who has been visiting her brothers, John and Marshal May, of Texas, has returned home.

Will give good feed and hitch for 30c. Your patronage will be appreciated.

COOPER & CO., Hartford, Ky.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hoover, who have been sojourning in California for the past year, have returned to this city.

Will give good feed and hitch for 30c. Your patronage will be appreciated.

COOPER & CO., Hartford, Ky.

Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Haynes, who have been visiting relatives in Cincinnati, Indiana, have returned to Hartford.

Mrs. Allen, of Hawesville, who has been quite ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John B. Wilson, is improving.

Will give good feed and hitch for 30c. Your patronage will be appreciated.

COOPER & CO., Hartford, Ky.

Miss Cora Lee Smith, the gifted entertainer, will be at College Hall for the Hartford Ladies Literary Club Jan. 30th. Don't fail to go.

We will start in Saturday morning next selling best Granulated Sugar at 21-lbs. for \$1.00 cash, or 100-lbs. for \$4.50 cash.

LIKENS & ACTON.

SALESMAN WANTED to look after our interest in Ohio and adjacent counties. Salary or Commission. Address The Harvel Oil Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

When in town don't fail to call at the W. A. Wilkerson Restaurant (Rosenblatt's old stand) next door to Bank of Hartford. Meals served at all hours.

The Wilkerson Restaurant is newly furnished throughout and the best to be had in the market to eat is at your command day or night, at reasonable prices.

LOST—Somewhere on the streets of Hartford a Gold Watch was found. Please return to me or Republican office Reward. PERRY MARSH.

When that appetizing, hungry feeling strikes you head for Barnes' Restaurant. It costs you little and the reward is great.

Mr. and Mrs. John Thomas, of Concord, were the guests of Mrs. Thomas' parents Mr. and Mrs. Christopher Schapmire this week.

Mrs. Thornsberry, who has been spending the past week with Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Faught, has returned to her home in Owensboro.

Mr. Lee Robertson, who has for sometime been employed in Louisville, has resigned his position and is at home for the present.

Square meals, lunches, hambergers—anything you want in the eating line at Earl Barnes' Restaurant. Prices reasonable, patronage appreciated.

SALESMAN WANTED to look after our interest in Ohio and adjacent counties. Salary or Commission. Address Lincoln Oil Co., Cleveland, O.

Miss Mary Warren Collins and Gertrude Schlemmer will leave in a few days for Cannelton, Ind., where they will be the guests of friends and relatives.

Taylor and Son's presentation of the "Star of Bethlehem" at Dr. Bean's Opera House Monday night brought out a fine audience and all were well pleased.

Sheriff and Mrs. S. O. Keown attended the funeral and burial of Richard Plummer of Prentiss, which took place at Liberty Monday, January 26.

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LOST—Somewhere on the streets of Hartford a Gold Watch was found. Please return to me or Republican office Reward. PERRY MARSH.

Messrs. Joe Marsh and sons, Perry and Will, left Wednesday for Montecello, Okla., where they will continue their work as oil well drillers. These gentlemen have made a good impression on our people who are sorry to see them leave. They are masters of their profession and we wish them success in their new field.

By special arrangement we are enabled to offer the Womans' World, Home Life, Green's Fruit Grower and Farm Life, four splendid monthly magazines, together with one years subscription to The Republic, for \$1.25. This holds good for either renewals, old subscriptions, or to new subscribers. You cannot afford to miss this bargain.

Miss Cora Smith is something more than an Elocutionist. She is a Ph. B. graduate of the University of Chicago, and has devoted herself to the serious study of Literature till she not only can impress one a character and act a part, but can also interpret literature. She is a cultivated and charming lady, well equipped for carrying out her high ideals in her chosen field of literary interpretation.

Taylor and Son's presentation of the "Star of Bethlehem" at Dr. Bean's Opera House Monday night brought out a fine audience and all were well pleased.

Miss Smith will appear at College Hall Friday night, Jan. 30.

Horse For Sale.

Work horse for sale on time. Call at Hartford Mill Co., Hartford, Ky.

Official Call For Mass meeting.

Owensboro, Ky., Jan. 28, 1914.—To the Members of the Consolidated Tobacco Growers' Association—Gentlemen:

You are hereby officially requested to meet in Owensboro, Daviess county, Friday at 10 o'clock, January 30, 1914; at Calhoun, McLean county, Hazard, Ohio county, and Bremen, Muhlenberg county, Saturday, January 31, 1914, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the propositions that will be submitted to you at the above meeting.

Mr. W. A. Wilkerson is again in the restaurant business. He is in the old Rosenblatt stand next door to the Bank of Hartford. He is an experienced man and can serve the public in a satisfactory manner. Give him a call.

Good Magazines should be regular visitors to every home, Iler & Barnett are the exclusive agents in Hartford and vicinity and will take great pleasure in handling your order. Write for catalogue and other information.

Send us \$1.25 and receive the Hartford Republican one year and the Womans' World, Home Life, Green's

Fruit Grower and Farm Life, four splendid monthly magazines, either one of them worth the price. If we do not soon hear from you you will

LIVE WIRE VICTIMS.

Quickness in Rescuing Them From Contact is Essential.

For his own benefit and that of his comrades the scout should know how to avoid accidents from electricity. The third rail is always dangerous, so do not touch it. Swinging wires of any kind may somewhere in their course be in contact with live wires, so they should not be touched.

A person in contact with a wire or rail carrying an electric current will transfer the current to the rescuer. Therefore he must not touch the unfortunate victim unless his own body is thoroughly insulated. The rescuer must act very promptly, for the danger to the person in contact is much increased the longer the electric current is allowed to pass through his body. If possible the rescuer should insulate himself by covering his hands with a mackintosh, rubber sheeting, several thicknesses of silk or even dry cloth. In addition, he should if possible complete his insulation by standing on a dry board, a thick piece of paper or even a dry coat. Rubber gloves and rubber shoes or boots are still safer, but they cannot usually be procured quickly.

If a live wire is under a person and the ground is dry it will be perfectly safe to stand on the ground and pull him off the wire with the bare hands, care being taken to touch only his clothing, and this must not be wet.

A live wire lying on a patient may be flipped off with safety with a dry board or stick. In removing the live wire from the person or the person from the wire do this with one motion, as rocking him to and fro on the wire will increase shock and burn.

A live wire may be safely cut with an ax or hatchet with dry wooden handle. The electric current may be short circuited by dropping a crowbar or poker on the wire. This must be dropped on the side from which the current is coming and not on the farther side, as the latter will not short circuit the current before it has passed through the body of the person in contact. Drop the metal bar; do not place it on the wire or you will then be made a part of the short circuit and receive the current of electricity through your body.—From "Boy Scouts of America."

LINCOLN AND THE DRAMA.

His Likin For Tragedy and His Curious Choice in "Hamlet."

Lincoln liked the drama. Perhaps if he had not liked it so much he would have lived many years longer, since otherwise he would hardly have put himself in Wilkes Booth's way of that fatal night in April, 1865. But he never pretended to any knowledge or connoisseurship whatever. Most of his life had been passed in a country town and at a time when few great actors ever appeared in such small places as Springfield, Ill.

In a sale of the autographs, prints and playbills which belonged to the late Douglas Taylor there is a copy of a letter from Lincoln to James H. Hackett, dated Washington, Aug. 17, 1863, afterward printed in this form for private circulation, which contains the following:

I have seen very little of the drama. Some of Shakespeare's plays I have never read, while others I have gone over perhaps as frequently as any unprofessional reader. Among the latter are "Lear," "Richard III," "Henry VIII," "Hamlet" and especially "Macbeth." I think the soliloquy in "Hamlet" commencing, "Oh, my offense is rank," surpasses "To be or not to be."

No one but the modest Lincoln would have gone out of his way to tell a Shakespearean scholar that he had never read some of Shakespeare's plays. It is interesting to see that Lincoln's preference fixed itself upon the tragedies and the most serious of the histories. His choice of "Oh, my offense is rank" over "To be or not to be" seems rather strange. The soliloquy is the king's desperate bemoaning of his perfidy and cruelty in murdering his brother.—New York Mail.

Believed Himself Invisible.

The first Lord Lytton was certainly daft. One morning while he was entertaining a large company at his country seat the guests were assembled at breakfast in the great hall when their host came in in an old dressing gown, poured out a cup of tea and disappeared without uttering a word to any one. Arthur Russell expressed his surprise to his next neighbor, who said:

"He believes himself to be invisible."

And, sure enough, in a little time he appeared in his usual dress and saluted his friends as if he had not seen them since the previous night.

We've Got the Men.

In the event of such an improbable thing as an invasion of this country by a foreign nation or combination of nations the United States could, within a very short time, put into the field an army of 10,000,000 men and take care of it out of its own resources.—New York American.

Temperament.

"Why did the great pianist refuse to play?"

"Temperament. He got mad because his name was printed in smaller type on the program than the name of the piano on which he was to perform."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Exasperating.

"The very sound of some people's voices is exasperating."

"Quite true, especially when they say 'Move on' or 'Pay up!'"—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Assume in adversity a countenance of prosperity and in prosperity moderate thy temper.—Livy.

BUSSORAH A FILTHY TOWN.

A Visit to the Apocryphal Home of Sindbad the Sailor.

We were on our way to Bussorah, famous as the apocryphal home of Sindbad the Sailor. Bussorah is the seaport of Bagdad, from which it is distant about 500 miles by river.

Bussorah in the summer is nothing less than a fiery furnace, for the thermometer registers, more than 100 degrees F. in the shade during 120 consecutive days, and the mean temperature, night and day, for upwards of four months, is about 95 degrees.

Malarial fevers, dysentery and ague are prevalent, and the town is frequently visited by plague and cholera, and yet, thanks to the cool winter and prevailing north winds, the place is not essentially unhealthy for those who are acclimated.

The habits and wants of the population are simple and are likely to remain so for some time to come, but the sanitary state of the town is deplorable. The creeks, which are tidal, supply it with drinking water, but are used indiscriminately for all household purposes and the stench arising from them at low water is overpowering.

The governor general of the province of Bussorah had his private residence in the upper story of a flimsy lath and plaster edifice overlooking the main road. The walls of his house could not have been more than six inches thick, and it was full of windows. The ground floor seemed to be a stable and was occupied by goats.

As our carriage approached, churning up the mud which lay ankle deep and bumping over the hollows and obstructions which had so far escaped the attention of a not too observant municipality, we saw the governor's head appear at an upper window and that of a she goat at a lower one simultaneously.

The governor, a middle aged man of dignified bearing, greeted us gravely and kindly. From his conversation he appeared to be somewhat of a pedant, imbued with the chauvinistic tendencies of the young Turk, and a hardened bureaucrat.

His excellency's salutations as he bade us farewell were expressed with becoming gravity: "We trust that God may be pleased to preserve your excellency's health. Our town is yours, as well as our house. May we order our soldiers to accompany you on your ride to Zobeir? Your person is more precious to us than our eyes, and there are evil men, enemies of our lord the sultan, abroad in the desert."—Chambers' Journal.

THE RAZORBACK HOG.

Here's His Portrait, and It Doesn't Flatter Him a Bit.

In physique and mentality the razorback differs even more from a domestic hog than a wild goose does from a tame one. Shaped in front like a thin wedge, he can go through laurel thickets like a bear. Armed with tough hide, cushioned by bristles, he despises thorns, brambles and rattlesnakes alike. His extravagantly long snout can scent like a cat's and yet burrow, uproot, overturn, as if made of metal.

The long legs, thin flanks, pliant hoofs, fit him to run like a deer and climb like a goat. In courage and sagacity he outranks all other beasts. A warrior born, he is also a strategist of the first order. Like man, he lives a communal life and unites with others of his kind for purposes of defense.

The pig is the only large mammal I know of, besides man, whose eyes will not shine by reflected light—they are too bold and crafty, I wit. The razorback has a mind of his own—not instinct, but mind—whatever psychologists may say. He thinks. Anybody can see that when he is not rooting or sleeping he is studying devilm.

He shows remarkable understanding of human speech, especially profane speech, and even an uncanny gift of reading men's thoughts whenever those thoughts are directed against the peace and dignity of pigship. He bears grudges, broods over indignities and plans redresses for the morrow or the week after. If he cannot get even with you he will lay for your unsuspecting friend. And at last, when arrested in his crime and lodged in the pen, he is liable to attacks of mania from sheer helpless rage.—From Horace Kephart's "Our Southern Highlanders."

Opposite Opinions.

If Marie Corelli has a large circle of readers who admire her books, there is also a number of people who do not. Two men belonging to the opposing camps, both well known journalists, were discussing her the other day.

"What I like about Miss Corelli," said the one who admired the author, "is that she is so—so alive!"

"Yes, that's what I object to!" retorted the other.—London Spectator.

Did He?

Yeast—Have any trouble getting in the house last night when you went home from the club? Crimsonback—Did I? Say, do you remember how rusty that night key was last night? Well, look how bright it is now.—Yonkers Statesman.

A Halfway Mark.

Close to the main road connecting the towns of Eastport and Calais, Me., stands a unique little monument erected to mark a most interesting geographical point, for it is exactly half way between the equator and north pole.

The Only Sure Way.

Gabe—Smith brags that he keeps all of his promises. I wonder how he manages to do it? Steve—He never makes any.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

POETRY TRULY GREAT.

Matthew Arnold's Rule by Which It May Be Tested.

There can be no more useful help for discovering what poetry belongs to the class of the truly excellent and can therefore do us most good than to have always in one's mind lines and expressions of the great masters and to apply them as a touchstone to other poetry. Of course we are not to require this other poetry to resemble them. It may be very dissimilar. But if we have any tact we shall find them when we have lodged them well in our minds an infallible touchstone for detecting the presence or absence of high poetic quality and also the degree of this quality in all other poetry which we may place beside them. Short passages, even single lines, will serve our turn quite sufficiently. *

Take of Shakespeare a line or two of Henry IV's exposition with sleep: Will thou upon the high and giddy mast up the ship boy's eyes and rock his brains In cradle of the rude, imperious surge? * * * And take as well Hamlet's dying request to Horatio:

If thou didst ever hold me in thy heart, Absent thee from felicity awhile, And in this harsh world draw thy breath To tell my story. *

Take of Milton that Miltonic passage:

Darken'd so, yet shone Above them all the archangel, but his face Deep scars of thunder had intrenched, and care Sat on his faded cheek. *

Add two such lines as:

And courage never to submit or yield And what is else not to be overcome. * * * And flush with the exquisite close to the loss of Proserpine, the loss * * * which cost Ceres all that pain

These few lines, if we have them, can use them, are enough even of them selves to keep clear and sound our judgments about poetry, to save us from fallacious estimates of it, to conduct us to a real estimate.—Matthew Arnold, "The Study of Poetry."

STAGELAND IN NEW YORK.

One Spot on Broadway the Mecca of All the Actor Folks.

New York to an actor means Broadway and Forty-second street always. There is no place in America like it—perhaps not in the world. Set in the midst of a city, the theatrical district is a city in itself, with denizens, customs and even a language peculiarly its own. Its frontiers shift to be sure, and they are invisible, but they are as real and definite as stone walls could make them. A block too far in any direction and you are in the realms of business, society or boarding houses, but across the unseen boundary line and presto! you are in actor land.

Crowds of carefully dressed people saunter up and down, stopping half a dozen times in each block to gossip or exchange enthusiastic greetings. The men are clean shaven with hard, sharp cut faces which somehow look unfinished without makeup. The women are consciously striking, whether they are pretty or not, and their clothes show absolute genius for accenting every prettiness they have. All of them emphasize their individuality. They have a constant air of feeling themselves observed and wishing to leave a lasting impression. An outsider—or "nonprofessional"—looks oddly neutral and ineffective beside them, like a man in ordinary street attire on a stage.

After all, it is more of a village than a city. Everybody knows everybody else, personally, by reputation or through mutual friends. It is a close knit fraternity, this order of grease paint, and beneath all the rivalry and envy and insincerity there is a warm and vital bond of comradeship.—From "Anne, Actress," by Juliet G. Sager.

Freak Societies.

Germany is said to hold the record for societies with extraordinary objects. One of these is entitled "Society For Promoting Good Manners Among the Poor," while another unites in the bonds of fellowship all Germans wearing pointed beards. A curious association is that of ex-lunatics, detention for six months in an asylum being the qualification for membership. As illustrating the craze for associations in Germany it may be mentioned that in the little town of Wildau, with only 2,000 inhabitants, there are twenty-two societies.—London Standard.

Dangers in Rare Beefsteak.

You may like your beefsteak rare, but there is danger in eating any meat not well cooked. Measles in cows leave boxed up parasites in the bovine flesh. You do not notice them with the naked eye, but they are there, and if they are not killed by thorough cooking they will cause tapeworms in the digestive system of the human system, and then follow associated diseases and discomforts.—Farm and Fireside.

Just Like the Automobile.

Sportsman (to enthusiastic motorist whom he had mounted for fox hunt and who is unbroken)—Hello! What's wrong? Friend—Couldn't throttle her down, steering gear wouldn't work, missed one of the pedals, and then I fell out.—London Punch.

Cause For Complaint.

The manager, you say, gave your part in the piece to another member of the company. Admitted. But you can't sue him for that.

"Can't I? He took my character away, didn't he?"—London Answers.

The honor we receive from those who stand in fear of us is not true honor.—Montaigne.

HAVE YOUR SUITS

Cleaned AND Pressed

Repairing and Dyeing neatly done.

Ladies work given special attention.

Hats Cleaned and Repaired.

Work called for and delivered.

Club rate \$1.00 per month.

Hartford Pressing Club,

GUNTHNER BLDG., CENTER ST.

HARTFORD, KY.

USE LIV-VER-LAX

For Lazy Liver and the Troubles of Constipation.

Feel right all the time. Don't lay off from work for days by taking calomel when pleasant Liv-Ver-Lax keeps you on your feet, while relieving your trouble.

Safest, too, and easy to take. Don't take anything else. You can't afford it.

Eliminates poisons, cleanses system and relieves constipation. A natural remedy, natural in its actions, sure in its effect and certain in results. It won't be long before Liv-Ver-Lax will completely displace calomel in every home. Children can take it freely and with perfect safety. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c and \$1 in bottles. None genuine without the likeness and signature of L. K. Grigsby. For sale by

J. H. WILLIAMS, - Hartford, Ky.

Grant Pollard, Fordsville, Tuesday

after 3rd Monday in March, Tuesday

after 3rd Monday in June, Tuesday

after 3rd Monday in September, Tuesday

after 3rd Monday in December.

John H. Miles, Rockport, Friday

after 3rd Monday in March, Friday

after 3rd Monday in June, Friday

after 3rd Monday in September, Friday

after 3rd Monday in December.

J. C. Jackson, Centertown, Saturday

after 3rd Monday in March, Saturday

after 3rd Monday in June, Saturday

after 3rd Monday in September, Saturday

after 3rd Monday in December.

M. C. Cook, Renfrow, Tuesday after 2nd Monday in March, Tuesday

after 2nd Monday in May, Tuesday

after 2nd Monday in August, Tuesday

after 2nd Monday in November.

Thomas Sanders, Olaton, Wednesday

after the second Monday in March, Wednesday

after 2nd Monday in May, Wednesday

after 2nd Monday in August, Wednesday

after 2nd Monday in November.

Grant Pollard, Fordsville, Tuesday

after 2nd Monday in March, Thursday

PROFIT-SHARING SALE CLOSES SATURDAY, JANUARY 31.

There will be no shortage of bargains even on the last day. As fast as one lot runs out there are others to take its place. 50 BOYS' KNICKERBOCKER SUITS just received for the last days of this great sale. 3,000 YARDS MORE OF LOOM-END CALICOES to swell the bargain list. We are going to make the last day one of the biggest days of the sale. Will you join us?

E. P. Barnes & Bro. BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY.

METHODISTS ARRANGE CLOSER CO-OPERATION

Will Not Compete in Small Towns, Council Decides.

Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 22.—A Conference Commission consisting of three members will be established in every city where branches of the Northern and Southern Methodist churches are operating, as a result of a resolution adopted at Thursday morning's session of the Federal Council of the two branches of the church, in session here.

The two days session of the council was ended at 6 o'clock this evening.

The conference Commission shall be appointed by the regular conference and shall have power to adjust and settle any friction and dispute that may arise between the two bodies. In case satisfaction for both bodies cannot be obtained by the decree of the commission, the dissatisfied body may reserve the right to take an appeal to the Federal Council, which has all power in adjusting all differences.

The first recommendation embodied in the resolution was to abolish the crowding method of establishing two churches in a community that has a small church-going population. This was offered Wednesday and was adopted at Thursday's session.

In the resolution it was provided that where either branch of Methodist church is doing the work expected of Methodism in a community the other branch shall be restrained from establishing a church there or trying to operate in any way in that section.

The council decided upon Put-in-Bay, O., as the next meeting place.

Luke McLuke Says.

When a man's memory goes back on him it is always about the dollar he owes you and never about the dollar you owe him.

Every man likes to have you run in on him when he is busy and waste about an hour of his time telling him how to run his business.

After a woman has been married a while she begins to realize that her husband doesn't look a bit like the men in the clothing advertisements in the magazines, and doesn't act a bit like the handsome heroes in the stories in the Woman's Sloppy Monthly.

Can you remember the first time you attended a party where each boy had to take a girl home. Remember how you studied your speech all evening to get it right and then when the time came you stammered: "May I have the pleasure of escorting you home?" Remember how you walked in the air and felt too happy to talk? And remember how the other boys at school made you blush when they would tell, "Bill's got a girl!" That was the happy days.

There isn't nearly as much skullduggery going on down town at night as a married woman thinks there is when hubby stays out until 1 a.m.

A Princess can sweep into a room when a fellow calls. But she is always careful to let Mother sweep it out.

The reason a girl doesn't like to

be squeezed in a street car is because she has never been properly introduced to the men around her.

Us humans sneering refer to "a dog's life." But a dog doesn't have to bark when he isn't interested, and he doesn't have to wag his tail when he hates a man.

Every now and then you see a woman with a \$1,000 shape and a 10-cent walk.

There is good in everything. The girl who runs around town with a five pound muff on one arm and a hand bag as big as a suit case on the other is often getting in trim so she will be able to carry the baby on one arm and use the other to do the housework.

When a man remembers how crazy women are to get something cheap he doesn't wonder at some of the husbands they grab.

If the only mirror in the house was placed back of the kitchen sink Daughter would spend more time in front of the dish pan.

A man will admit that his wife has her faults, but he won't let you say anything about his pet brand of booze.

When a girl can wear one of those tight skirts all day and not have it wrinkled up so it looks like she had slept in it, you can bet that she doesn't ask for extra large size when she purchases her hosiery.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Road Meetings.

The Fiscal Court of Ohio county, Ky., and County Road Engineer desire to meet all the taxpayers of the county for the purpose of discussing the building and maintenance of public roads, at the following times and places:

February 9th—Cool Springs, 9 to 11 a.m. Hopewell, 1 to 3 p.m. Rockport, 7:30 p.m.

February 10th—Equality, 9 to 11 a.m. Centerpoint, 2 p.m.

February 11th—Buford, 9 to 11 a.m. Bell's Run, 1 to 3 p.m. Ralph schoolhouse, 7 p.m.

February 12th—Deanfield, 9 to 11 a.m. Herbert, 1 to 3 p.m. Fordsville, 7 p.m.

February 13th—Dundee, 9 to 11 a.m. Cane Run church, 7 p.m.

February 14th—Renfrow, 9 to 11 a.m. Cromwell, 2 p.m.

Some of the members of the Fiscal Court and County Judge and County Road Engineer will attend all of these meetings and be in a position to explain the financial condition of the county and probable amount of funds on hand with which to work the roads and will be assisted by Messrs. J. F. Grimes and R. H. Reece, of the State Road Engineer's office, together with other speakers who are experienced and competent road men.

It is the earnest desire of all concerned that every taxpayer in reach of any of the above meeting places be present, rain or shine. Come, let's talk matters over, and find out and do that which is best for the common good of all the people.

There will also be a final meeting at the court house in Hartford on Monday, February 16th, to which all are invited and urged to attend.

T. H. BENTON,
County Road Engineer.

JNO. B. WILSON,
County Judge.

Habitual Constipation and all liver troubles can be cured by using Grigsby's Liver-Ver-Lax. Ask J. H. Williams, Hartford, Ky.

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Working Girls and Morality

In contrast with the wave of hysteria that swept the country a few months ago during the inquiry into the wages paid girls in the stores of the various cities, is the same statement of Miss Lois Cornforth, investigator for the Board of Public Welfare at Kansas City, that morality should not figure in the demand for wages. She says that when the demand has such basis it casts unfounded reflections on working girls.

She gives it as her conclusion that wages count little in the morals of girls who work, her investigations showing that not one-tenth of the girls who get into trouble are working girls or were working girls at the time their delinquency began.

Recent investigations of cases of delinquency among women in Chicago support Miss Cornforth's conclusions. The gathering of statistics on the subject is attended with difficulties, for the delinquent naturally seeks to deal as leniently with herself as possible. But even when the statements of delinquents are accepted without investigation of antecedents, the percentage of immorality traceable to lack of a living wage is extremely small. Love of finery and rich living is a far more prolific cause of immorality. Hasty and early marriages, with speedy separations, have made the descent easy and swift to many young women. The number of girls who have gone to the cities from villages and rural communities to hide their disgrace and save their parents from embarrassment must be large. The cities have this supply added to their own normal production of erring girls, probably larger because of the opportunities in the city to elude the vigilance of parents and neighbors.

The question of wages is economic and the assumption that a low wage to girls implies immorality is a gross injustice to thousands of working girls of spotless character. Two reasons for low wages are superficially obvious: Many girls work for pin money and live at home, while many others are not efficient. The suggestion of a minimum wage by statutory compulsion offers no panacea, aside from the legal difficulties. The inefficient employee would not be paid more than their services are really worth. If they were it would be tantamount to compelling employers to contribute charity to employees. A partial solution would be the increasing of efficiency among employees and such a readjustment as would better distribute the wage-workers. Some pursuits are crowded while others clamor for workers. The statistics of Chicago delinquents showed the greatest number, even twenty times that of former clerks, had formerly been domestic servants. The domestic servant is sure of a living, but the life is not attractive. For this fact there is a division of responsibility between employer and employee, and the financial aspect of it is the least significant. All the complexities of human nature enter into the problem. It can not be solved by passing a law.—Globe Democrat.

It is the earnest desire of all concerned that every taxpayer in reach of any of the above meeting places be present, rain or shine. Come, let's talk matters over, and find out and do that which is best for the common good of all the people.

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ed that the importer paid the duty—that the Tariff was an occupation tax levied on the people of other countries for the privilege of the American markets. Several of the Democratic papers of the State disputed this, but at that time there was no way of settling the matter except theoretically; but now, since the Underwood bill is in effect, it can be demonstrated by cold, hard facts instead of in theory.

Take, for example, cattle—now on the free list. Instead of reducing the cost of living, so far as meats are concerned, they are actually higher than they were under a Protective Tariff; and the cattle dealers of Canada and Argentina are reaping the benefits of being able to enter the American markets without paying a tax for the privilege, while the American grazier is taxed at the same old rate, and, in addition, the expenses of the National Government—now greater than ever before—that were formerly met by the revenues derived from the Tariff, will have to be met by direct taxation, thus throwing an additional burden on our own people, for the benefit of those in other countries.

The incapacity of the Democratic party to manage the affairs of the nation was never more clearly demonstrated than by the passage of the Wilson-Simmons-Underwood bill.—Tazewell (Va.) Republican.

Notice.

Hereafter, this paper will charge 5 cents per line for all obituaries, in advance, and 5 cents per line for all church notices except for church services, and also for cards of thanks. In adopting this rule we are only following the same plan of every other local paper in Kentucky.

To the Ohio County Court and The Judge Thereof:

We the undersigned citizens and freeholders of Ohio County, Kentucky, respectfully ask and petition your Honorable Court to establish the following change in the Baizetown and Arnold public road, viz:

Beginning near the Baizetown school house in the Baizetown and Renfrow public road; thence East over the lands of W. H. Baize about 40 yards to the lands of M. J. Embry; thence in the same direction over the lands of M. J. Embry about 1,000 yards to the lands of Newton Embry; thence in the same direction over the lands of said Newton Embry about 400 yards to the Arnold and Baizetown public road near the dwelling house of Newton Embry.

Said change, if established, will make a much better road than where same is at present located and will enable a large number of people, including your petitioners, to reach the post office, church and mill much more conveniently than at present.

Witness our signatures, this 18, day of December, 1913.

M. J. EMBRY,
NEWTON EMBRY,
T. F. JAMES,
W. C. DAUGHERTY,
W. H. BAIZE,

By T. H. Benton, County Road Engineer.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Who Pays the Duty.

ROYALTY is a magic word to the sceptic and to the author.

A MAN with a long face seldom has a long life.

Several years ago, in answer to a

correspondent, the Republican sta-

husband without listening to what he says.

THE young man who contests his father's will during life generally has to do it after death.

THERE are no rounds of drinks in the ladder of success.

A WISE man can get more knowledge from a fool than a fool is likely to get from a wise man.

"Yes."

"My dear, I congratulate you. Tom is the nicest fiance I ever had."

Special Offer.

The Daily Louisville Herald during January, 1914, and the Hartford Republican by mail for one year, at special price of \$2.75. Kentucky's greatest newspaper delivered at your home each day including your home paper, at the price of \$2.75. This offer positively expires on January 31, 1914.

JUST ONCE MORE



RE-SOLVED.
THAT THERE IS SOME
PRETTY SPARKLING
PICKING LEFT IN OUR
SPLENDID STOCK
AND WE HAVE JUST
MADE A FEW MORE
SPARKS FLY OUT OF
THE PRICE. IT'S YOUR
CHANCE

A PENNY SAVED IS A PENNY MADE.
IF YOU COME IN TO OUR STORE, WE
KNOW THERE ARE PENNY SAVERS
FOR YOU. PENNIES MAKE
DOLLARS. YOU CAN SAVE DOL-
LARS BY DEALING WITH US, BE-
CAUSE WE HAVE MADE THE LOW-
EST POSSIBLE PRICE ON OUR GOOD
GOODS. WHY NOT? WE ARE HERE
TO STAY, AND WE DON'T EXPECT
TO DO IT BY ROBBING OUR CUS-
TOMERS.

CARSON & CO.

INCORPORATED.

Hartford, Kentucky.